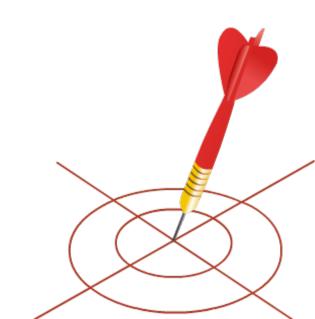
Welcome to the Session on "Different Types of Single and Three-Phase Energy Meters"



By the end of this session, you will be able to:

• Differentiate between the various types of single and three-phase energy meters and their tamper-proof features



Types of Energy Meters – Electromechanical Meter









Electromechanical meter

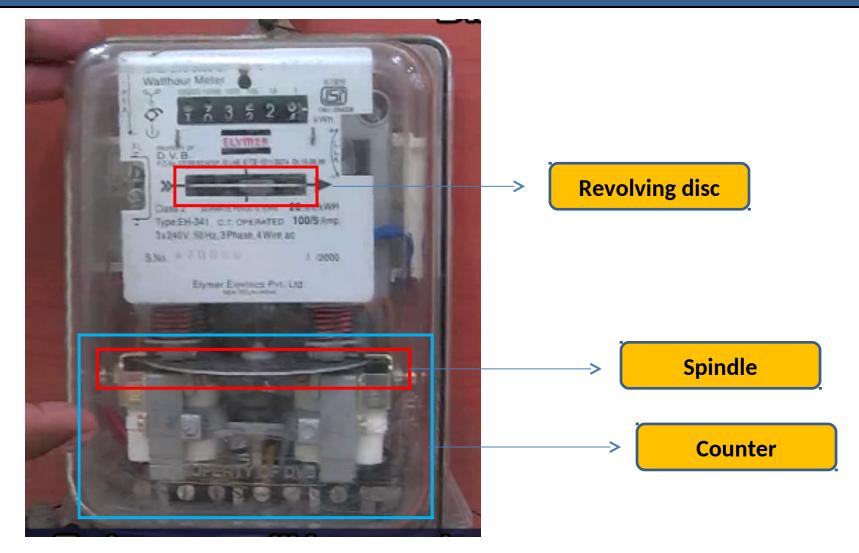
Electromechanical meter with metal case



Electromechanical meter with polycarbonate body

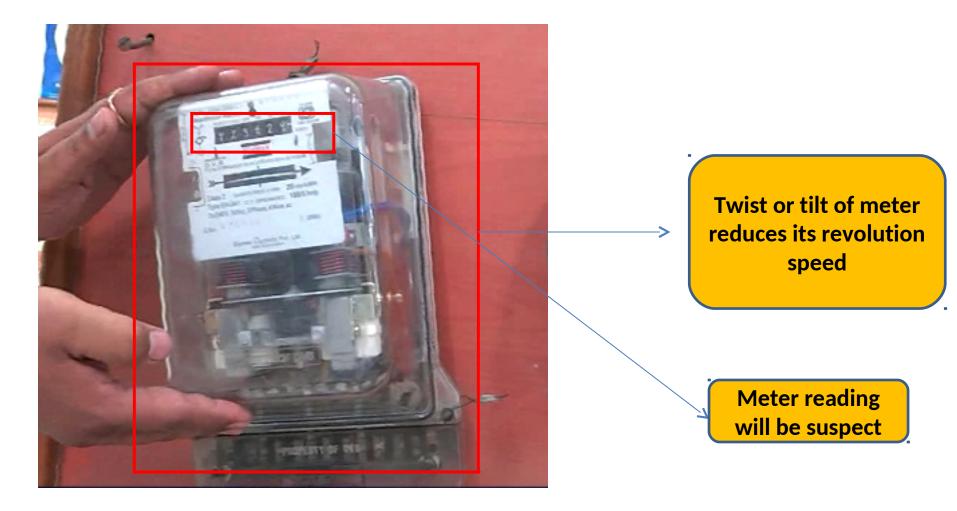
Types of Energy Meters – Electromechanical Meter





Types of Energy Meters – Electromechanical Meter





Types of Energy Meters – Electronic Meter









LCD display for clear visibility of reading

Electromechanical Meter Vs Electronic Meter

Vs



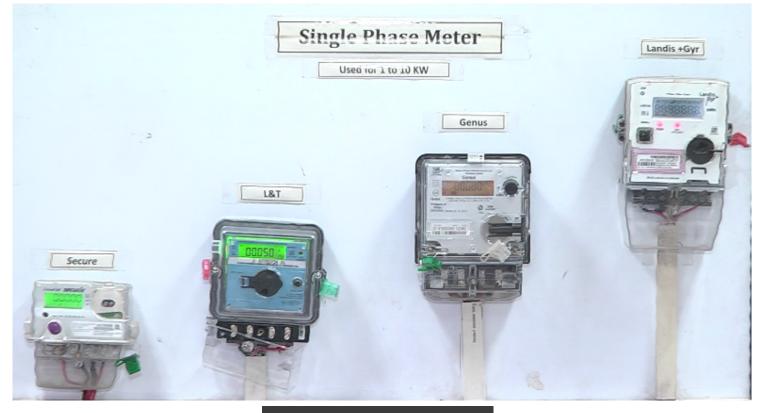






Electromechanical meter











Meter packaging box

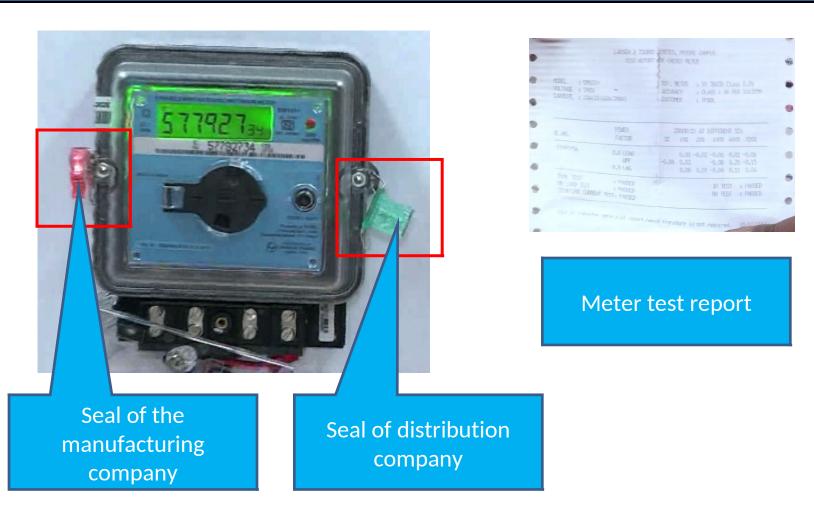












Any single phase meter follows Indian Standard 13779.



4 meters belonging to 4 different companies



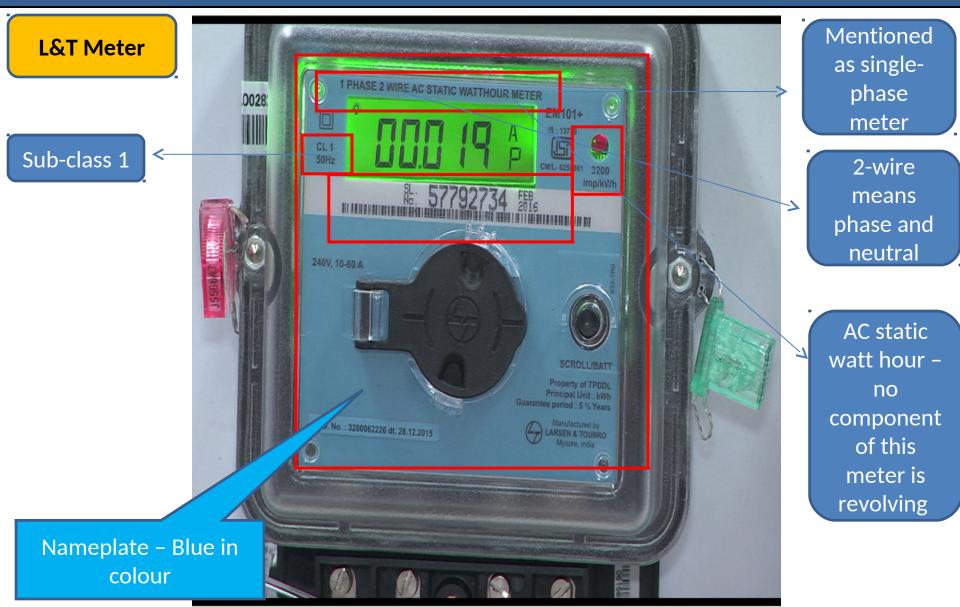




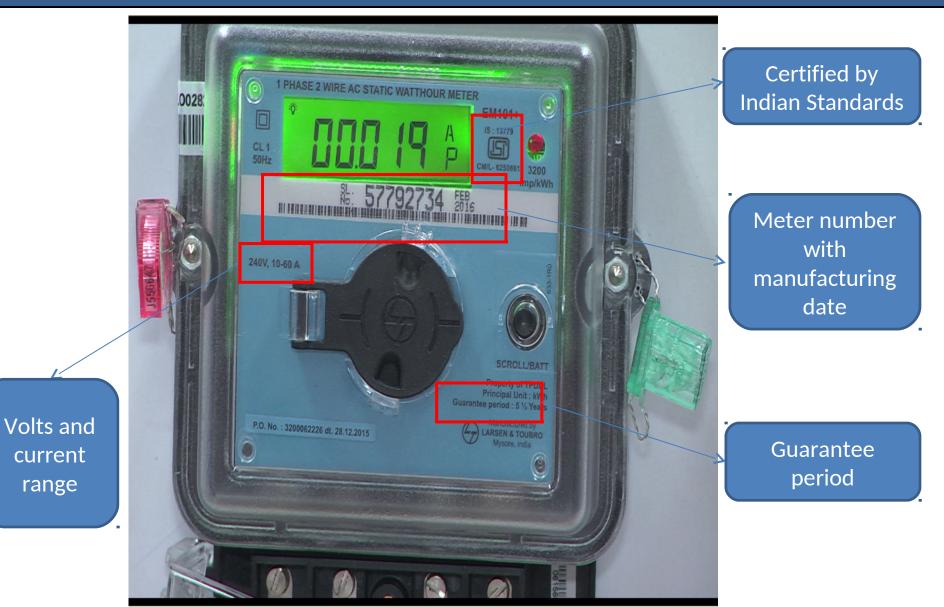






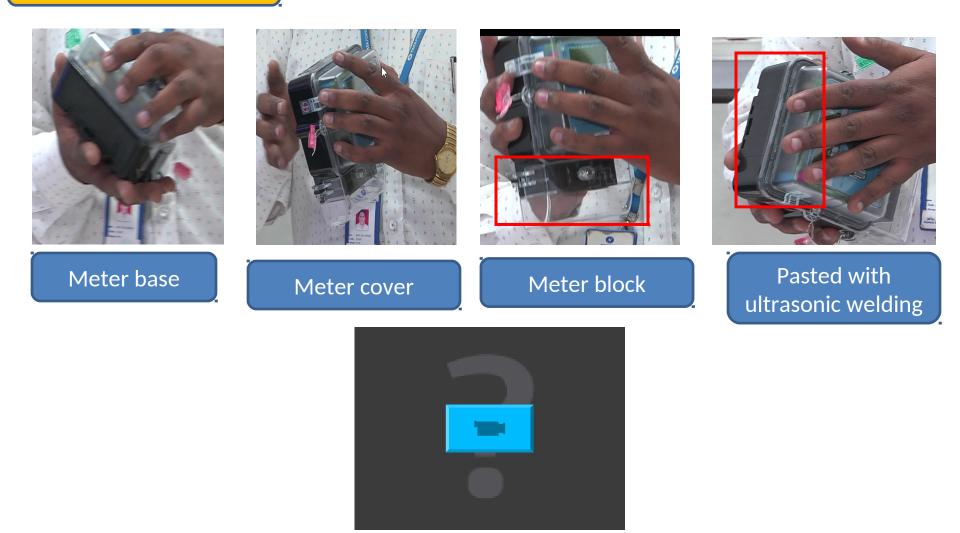








Tamper Proof Features





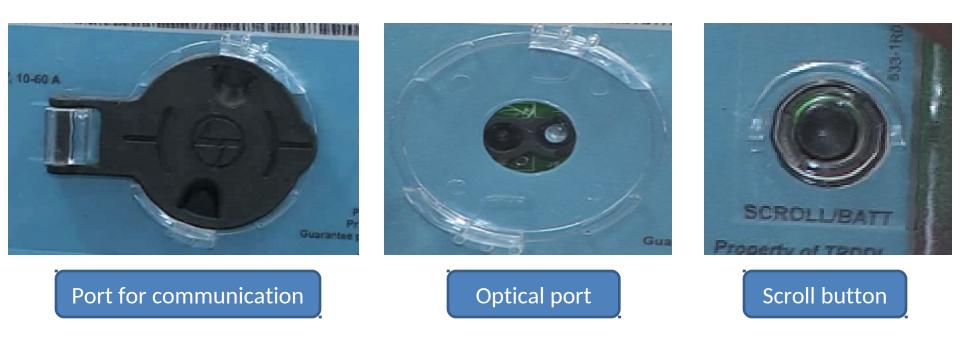




Display of date











Meter number



Visible even in darkness



Date is displayed







Maximum Demand (MD)

Single-Phase Meter

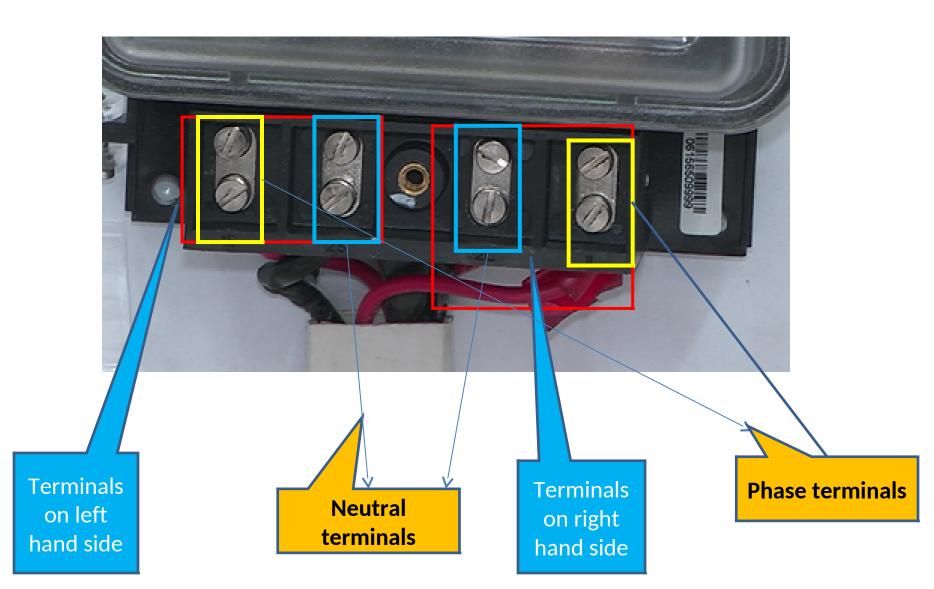




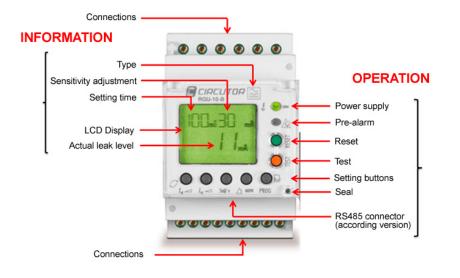


4 terminals









Earth leakage indicator



Time reversal indicator

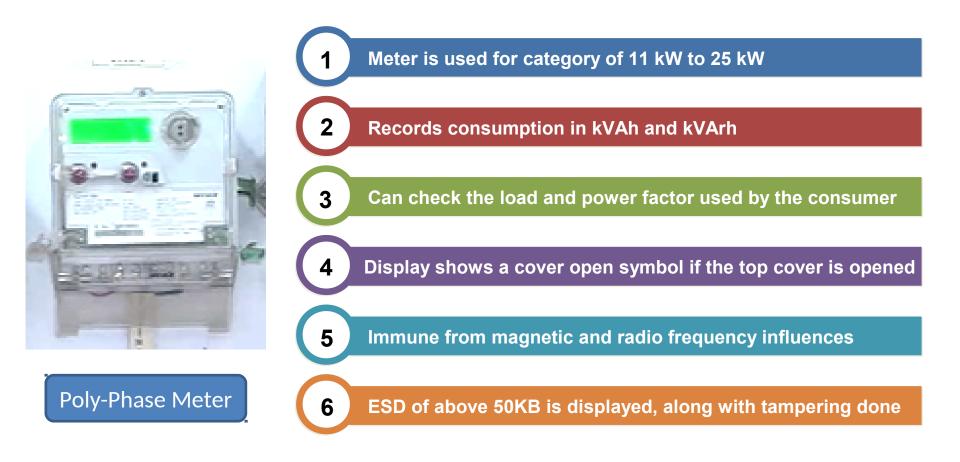




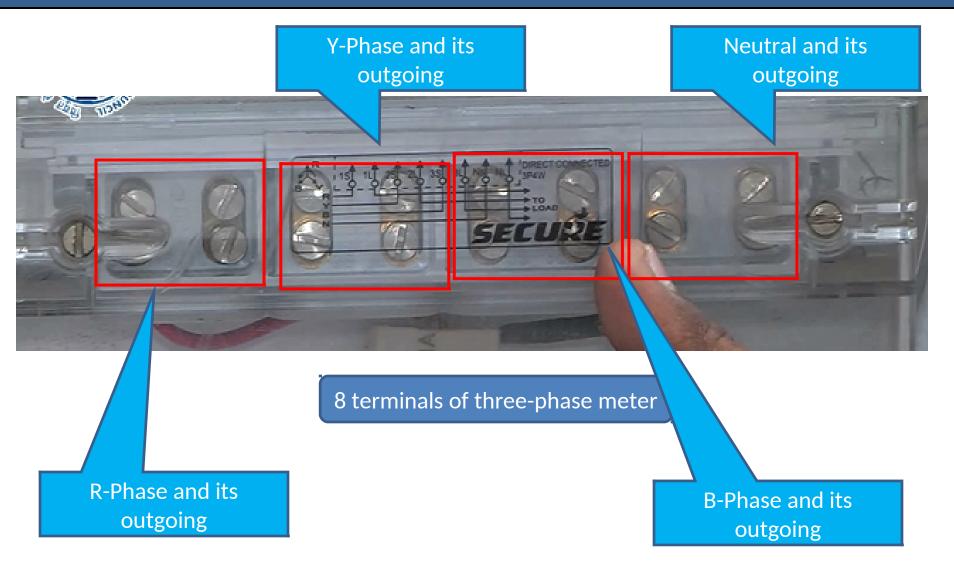
Types of Poly-phase Meters – Used for loads more than 10 kW



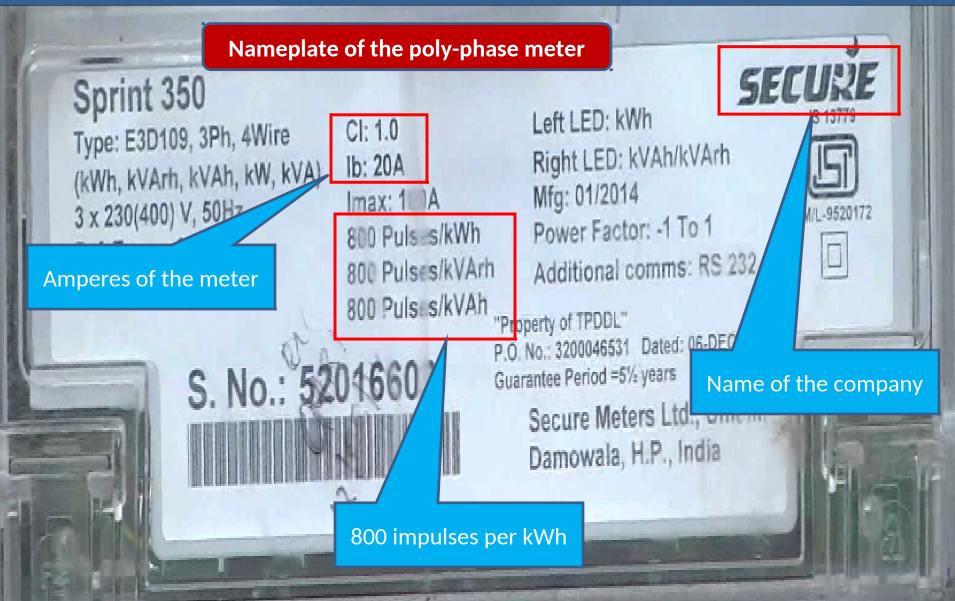




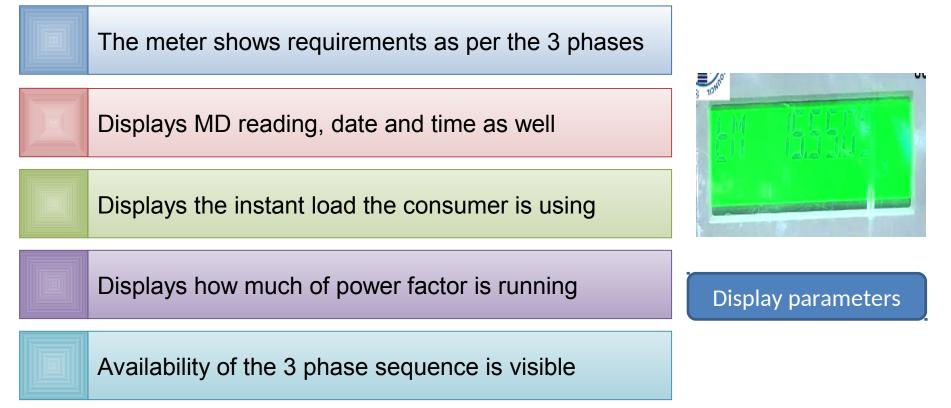












Key Learning Outcomes



- A mechanical meter is usually in a metal case or polycarbonate body
- Electronic meters have an LCD display and the reading is clearly visible due to the back-lit screen
- Single-phase electronic meters are used for loads from 1 kW to 10 kW
- Poly-phase meter is also called three phase whole current electronic energy meter
- The three-phase meter records consumption in kVAh and kVArh

